

# Year 9 Studio 3 Module 1 – Ma vie sociale d'ado



|              |                |
|--------------|----------------|
| <b>avoir</b> | <b>to have</b> |
| J'ai         | I have         |
| Tu as        | you have       |
| Il/elle a    | he/she has     |

|             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| <b>être</b> | <b>to be</b> |
| Je suis     | I am         |
| Tu es       | you are      |
| Il/elle est | he/she are   |

NOTE: I am 13 = **j'ai** treize ans.

|                       |                                     |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Tu es comment?</b> | <b>What do you look like?</b>       |
| J'ai les cheveux...   | <i>I have ... hair.</i>             |
| blonds.               | <i>blond</i>                        |
| noirs.                | <i>black</i>                        |
| bruns                 | <i>brown</i>                        |
| roux                  | <i>red</i>                          |
| J'ai les yeux ...     | <i>I have ... eyes.</i>             |
| bleus                 | <i>blue</i>                         |
| marron                | <i>brown</i>                        |
| gris                  | <i>grey</i>                         |
| verts                 | <i>green</i>                        |
| Je suis beau/belle.   | <i>I am good-looking/beautiful.</i> |

|                                |                          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>La fréquence</b>            | <b>Frequency</b>         |
| Quelquefois                    | <i>sometimes</i>         |
| souvent                        | <i>often</i>             |
| tous les jours                 | <i>every day</i>         |
| tous les soirs                 | <i>every evening</i>     |
| tous les weekends              | <i>every weekend</i>     |
| une fois/deux fois par semaine | <i>once/twice a week</i> |



**Adjectives**  
Many adjectives have a different masculine and feminine ending.

|            |              |          |          |       |
|------------|--------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Masculine: | intelligent  | sportif  | gentil   | beau  |
| Feminine:  | intelligente | sportive | gentille | belle |

Other adjectives just stay the same in both masculine and feminine forms:

|            |       |        |
|------------|-------|--------|
| Masculine: | sympa | timide |
| Feminine:  | sympa | timide |

|                      |                       |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Mon caractère</b> | <b>My personality</b> |
| Je suis ...          | <i>I am ...</i>       |
| drôle                | <i>funny.</i>         |
| gentil(le)           | <i>kind.</i>          |
| intelligent(e)       | <i>intelligent.</i>   |
| lunatique            | <i>moody.</i>         |
| sportif/sportive     | <i>sporty.</i>        |
| timide               | <i>shy.</i>           |

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <b>Où vas-tu le weekend?</b> | <b>Where do you go at the weekend?</b> |
| Je vais ...                  | <i>I go ...</i>                        |
| au centre commercial.        | <i>to the shopping centre.</i>         |
| au centre de loisirs.        | <i>to the leisure centre.</i>          |
| au cinéma.                   | <i>to the cinema.</i>                  |
| au fastfood.                 | <i>to the fast-food restaurant.</i>    |
| à la patinoire.              | <i>to the ice rink.</i>                |
| à la piscine.                | <i>to the swimming pool.</i>           |

|   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Les invitations et les réactions</b> | <b>Invitations and reactions</b>    |
| Tu veux aller ...                       | <i>Do you want to go ...</i>        |
| au cinéma /à la piscine?                | <i>to the cinema/swimming pool?</i> |
| ce matin                                | <i>this morning</i>                 |
| cet après-midi                          | <i>this afternoon</i>               |
| ce soir                                 | <i>this evening</i>                 |
| demain (matin)                          | <i>tomorrow (morning)</i>           |
| samedi (après-midi/soir)                | <i>Saturday (afternoon/evening)</i> |
| Oui, je veux bien.                      | <i>Yes, I'd like to.</i>            |
| D'accord.                               | <i>OK.</i>                          |
| Génial!                                 | <i>Great!</i>                       |
| Pourquoi pas?                           | <i>Why not?</i>                     |
| Non, merci.                             | <i>No thanks.</i>                   |
| Tu rigoles!                             | <i>You're joking!</i>               |
| J'ai horreur de ça!                     | <i>I hate that!</i>                 |
| Désolé(e), je ne peux pas.              | <i>Sorry, I can't.</i>              |

|  |                                       |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Qu'est-ce que tu fais sur Facebook?</b> | <b>What do you do on Facebook?</b>    |
| Je poste des messages à mes copains.       | <i>I post messages to my friends.</i> |
| Je modifie mes préférences.                | <i>I update my likes.</i>             |
| Je regarde les photos de mes copains.      | <i>I look at my friends' photos.</i>  |
| Je commente des photos.                    | <i>I comment on photos.</i>           |
| J'invite mes copains à sortir.             | <i>I invite my friends out.</i>       |
| Je fais des quiz.                          | <i>I do quizzes.</i>                  |

## -ER verbs – present tense

Many verbs in French end in **-er**. They change their ending like this in the present tense:

### regarder (to watch/look at)

|                     |                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Je regardE          | I watch/look at         |
| Tu regardES         | You watch/look at       |
| Il/Elle regardE     | He/she watches/looks at |
| On regardE          | We watch/look at        |
| Nous regardONS      | We watch/look at        |
| Vous regardEZ       | You watch/look at       |
| Ils/Elles regardENT | They watch/look at      |



## faire (to do/make) is different:

|              |                   |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Je fais      | I do/make         |
| Tu fais      | you do/make       |
| Il/Elle fait | he/she does/makes |
| On fait      | we do/make        |

## aller (to go)

|            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| Je vais    | I go        |
| Tu vas     | you go      |
| Il/Elle va | he/she goes |
| On va      | we go       |

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| Qu'est-ce que tu as fait samedi?    | What did you do on Saturday?  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| J'ai dansé avec ....                | I danced with ....            |
| J'ai joué au bowling avec ...       | I went bowling with ...       |
| J'ai mangé un hamburger avec ...    | I ate a hamburger with ...    |
| J'ai regardé un DVD avec ....       | I watched a DVD with ...      |
| Je suis allé(e) au cinéma avec ...  | I went to the cinema with ... |
| Je suis allé(e) en ville avec ...   | I went into town with ...     |
| Je suis allé(e) à une fête avec ... | I went to a party with ...    |
| C'était ...                         | It was ....                   |
| genial.                             | great.                        |
| romantique.                         | romantic.                     |
| sympa.                              | nice.                         |
| ennuyeux.                           | boring.                       |
| nul.                                | rubbish.                      |
| un désastre.                        | a disaster.                   |

| Les mots essentiels | High-frequency words |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| oui                 | yes                  |
| non                 | no                   |
| j'ai                | I have               |
| je suis             | I am                 |
| et                  | and                  |
| mais                | but                  |
| ou                  | or                   |
| aussi               | also                 |
| très                | very                 |
| assez               | quite                |
| un peu              | a bit                |
| avec                | with                 |
| qu'est-ce que ...?  | what ...?            |
| pourquoi?           | why?                 |
| parce que           | because              |
| ce/cet              | this                 |
| merci               | thank you            |

The PERFECT tense  
 You use the perfect tense to talk about what you did. Most verbs use **j'ai** and change their ending to **-é**.  
**J'ai mangé** (I ate) **j'ai regardé** (I watched)  
 The verb **aller** is different.  
**Je suis allé** (I went)  
 The feminine form adds an extra **-e**.  
 Je suis allée

Using il/elle in the past (PERFECT) tense  
 To say what someone else did:  
 • With most verbs you use:  
**Il/elle a mangé/parlé/joué** etc. (he/she ate/talked/played etc.)  
 • But note:  
**Il/elle est allé(e)** (he/she went)



| Au festival de musique                         | At the music festival                    |
|--|--|
| On a écouté toutes sortes de musiques.         | We listened to all sorts of music.       |
| On a chanté.                                   | We sang.                                 |
| On a dansé toute la soirée.                    | We danced all night.                     |
| On a mangé de la pizza.                        | We ate pizza.                            |
| On a regardé le concert sur des écrans géants. | We watched the concert on giant screens. |
| On a bien rigolé.                              | We had a good laugh.                     |

## Stratégie 1

### Focus on endings, not beginnings.

When you want to work out what a verb means, look at the end of the word as well as the beginning.

|          |                                |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| regarder | to watch (the infinitive)      |
| regarde  | watch/watching (present tense) |
| regardé  | watched (past participle)      |



## Using 'on' in the past (PERFECT) tense

**On** means 'we'

In the perfect tense, it works like this:

On **a** dansé we danced

On **a** écouté we listened

The verb aller (to go) is different:

On est allés we went

If 'we' are all female, add an extra **e**:

On est allées

